

41st YEAR.

HARTFORD, KY., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1915.

NO. 41

ENVOYS DECIDE ON RECOGNITION

Of Carranza, After Due
Deliberation.

THE AGREEMENT UNANIMOUS

Gen. Carranza Officially As-
sures Security Of Life
and Property.

LARGE EFFECT IS EXPECTED

Washington, Oct. 9.—The Pan-American Congress, held to-day at the State Department, unanimously decided to recommend their governments the recognition of Carranza in Mexico. It is believed in Administration circles that this will bring to a close the troubles of Mexico, which have continued for four years.

The official statement issued by Secretary Lansing was as follows:

"The conferees, after careful consideration of the facts, have found that the Carranza party is the only party possessing the essentials for recognition as the de facto government of Mexico and they have so reported to their respective governments."

The nations represented at the conference were: The United States, Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Bolivia, Uruguay and Guatemala. Secretary Lansing admitted that the diplomatic agents of the Latin-American countries not participating in the conference had been sounded and that they had approved the action of the conferees.

It is understood that Secretary Lansing favors the early recognition of Carranza, and it is believed at the State Department that the step will be taken some time next week. The South and Central American republics follow, the lead of the United States. The European governments will take similar action at an early date. The State Department has not yet decided which course it will follow. The appointment of Ambassador will necessarily follow, and as soon as this Government sends its accredited diplomatic representatives, the long-standing vacancy at Washington will be filled, the understanding being that for a time at least Eliseo Arredondo, Carranza's confidential agent here, will act as Ambassador to the United States.

The conference to-day was assured by Carranza, officially, that persons may return to Mexico and will be given security of life and property and freedom of worship, provided they have not participated in politics. On the subject of a general amnesty, it was stated that it would be extended to all, with the probable exception of those who have been the leaders of the opposition. When asked if Villa would be excluded from this amnesty, Secretary Lansing said no names were mentioned.

It was announced that the state of foreign claims was not discussed at the conference, it being obvious that a stable and recognized government would be responsible for these obligations. It also was said that the question of an embargo against the sale of arms to Villa or any other faction was not taken up. This was not a matter for the conference, according to an official of the department.

It will be the policy of the United States, it was emphasized, to give material and moral support to the Carranza Government in the expectation that it will restore order. This support will take the form of the suppression of the sale of all arms and the negotiation of a loan by the new government with American financiers.

It was stated officially that none of the European governments whose subjects have large property interests and investments in Mexico was consulted about to-day's action. It is known, however, that the British, French and Spanish Ambassadors have discussed the question informally with Secretary Lansing and have indicated that their governments were ready to follow the lead of the United States.

Secretary Lansing made it clear that while the United States could not condition recognition upon the giving of amnesty or the settlement of other questions of a strictly internal nature, satisfactory assurances

on these and other subjects have been received from the Carranza government. These guarantees are as follows:

First—Foreigners will be protected in their lives and property.

Second—The Carranza government assumes full responsibility for claims growing out of the revolution and will adjust them equitably by means of international commissions.

Third—No one will suffer in his life and property on account of religious beliefs; all priests and nuns who have not taken part in Mexican politics will be permitted to return and will be protected, provided they do not participate in politics and obey the Mexican laws governing the separation of church and State.

Fourth—A decree of amnesty is in preparation which will enable all elements, irrespective of political affiliations hereafter to return to Mexico with the exception of those guilty of complicity in the plot to kill Madero and Suarez and who are charged the Carranza government will not be permitted to return until the government is firmly established and then only if they will pledge allegiance to it.

The form in which recognition is to be extended has not been decided. Secretary Lansing said an Ambassador might be sent to the Carranza capital or an Ambassador named by Carranza received here, or that there might be an exchange of notes.

Says Fight Just Begun.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 9.—"The war is just beginning," said Gen. Francisco Villa, with a broad grin, upon receiving from his representatives at Washington late to-day the news of the recognition of the Carranza faction as the de facto government of Mexico.

Villa in his private car of a troop train, ready to leave for Casas Grandes, had just completed a reception to a party of American women when the news reached him.

A murmur of relief was heard among his bodyguard, as the news spread.

"We know now what we have to do," one exclaimed.

"Better anything than the suspense," said the other.

Satisfaction rather than resentment was generally expressed by the chiefs of the northern leader.

LABORING MEN TO AID IN STANLEY CAMPAIGN

The Louisville Times says: That the members of the Kentucky Federation of Labor intend to give A. O. Stanley, candidate for Governor on the Democratic ticket, their fullest support during the campaign is evidenced by the fact that John Schneider, member of the Legislative Committee of the Federation, was sent to Washington recently to get Mr. Stanley's complete record of his activity in behalf of organized labor while a member of Congress.

Mr. Schneider returned last night and said that Mr. Stanley, beginning with the Fifty-ninth Congress, had always fought for legislation favorable to the laboring man.

While in Washington Mr. Schneider conferred with W. B. Wilson, Secretary of the Department of Labor; Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; Thomas J. Williams, president, and W. J. Spencer, secretary of the Building Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor, all of whom furnished him with data that will be used to further Mr. Stanley's campaign.

Last Presidential Vote.

The popular vote in 1912 was as follows: Wilson, 6,293,019; Taft, 3,484,956; Roosevelt, 4,119,507; Debs (Sec.) 901,873; Chaffin (Prob.) 207,928; Reimer (Sec.), 29,259.

The electoral vote was: Wilson, 435; Taft, 8; Roosevelt, 88. Roosevelt carried Minnesota, Michigan, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Washington and 11 of the 13 electoral votes of California, Wilson getting the other two. Taft carried Utah and Vermont. The other States went to Wilson.

For Sale.

Eighty acres of well improved land, 1 1/4 miles northwest of Centertown, Good dwelling, outbuildings, well of overlasting water. Twenty acres in grass, and remainder in good state of cultivation. Will sell for \$2,500—\$1,500 down and remainder on one or two years time, with 6 per cent interest. For further particulars address "X," care of Herald.

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For classy job printing—The Herald

THE GOOD ROADS IDEA IS BOOMING

Champions Of Cause Will
Meet This Week.

FIVE GOVERNORS OF STATES

Are Scheduled For Addresses
On This Most Important
Movement.

KENTUCKIANS AT THE FRONT

Bluefield, W. Va., Oct. 11.—At least five Governors—Goldsbrough of Maryland, Stuart of Virginia, Rye of Tennessee, McCreary of Kentucky, and Hatfield of West Virginia—are scheduled for addresses at the seventh annual convention of the Southern Appalachian Good Roads Association, to be held here October 14 to 16. Meetings and exhibits will be in Bluefield's new Masonic Temple.

Fully 500 delegates will attend from the nine States represented in the association—Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky and West Virginia. They will be guests of the Bluefield Chamber of Commerce on Friday afternoon for an excursion over the Norfolk and Western Railway's electric zone into the Pocahontas coal field, with a visit to one of the big mines.

All phases of road financing, construction and maintenance will be dealt with by experts. Maintenance, one of the bugbears of the good-roads movement, will be given special attention, with two addresses and open discussion. Progress reports will be made by numerous road associations, a score of State and interstate highways, the nine States and many of the counties.

Among other speakers will be John H. Small, Congressman from North Carolina; M. O. Eldridge, acting director of the United States Office of Public Roads; A. A. Lilly, Attorney-General of West Virginia; A. G. Tatchelder, of the American Automobile Association; M. V. Richards, of the Southern Railway, and State Highway Engineers and other road experts from the nine States.

In addition to Governor McCreary, Kentucky will be represented on the program by Robert C. Terrell, Commissioner of Public Roads; Judge T. J. Asher, of the Bell County Court; Pineville; R. J. McBride, President of the Kentucky Good Roads Association; N. R. Patterson, President of the Southeastern Kentucky Good Roads Association; M. M. Allison, President of the Dixie Highway Association; Guthrie Wilson, President of the Kentucky County Good Roads Engineers' Association, and James Maret, President of the Boone Way Association.

Mr. Maret is Vice President of the Southern Appalachian for Kentucky, and Will Ward Duffield, of Harlan, is a member of its Executive Committee.

HIGHWAYMEN HOLD UP BOOKKEEPER—GET \$9,000

Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 9.—Two men, who rode motorcycles, held up and robbed Earl Smith, bookkeeper in the office of the Lattas Creek Coal Company, near Hymers, south of here, early to-day and escaped with \$9,000 in currency brought to the mine to pay off the men.

The robbers rode up to the office of the mine, which is owned by the Vandalia Coal Company of this city, and holding Smith at bay with drawn revolvers, looted the steel strong box in which the money was taken to the mine.

They then mounted their machines and rode west toward Shelby, Ind.

ASSASSINATED AS HE WAITED ON CUSTOMERS

Harrodsburg, Ky., Oct. 9.—W. H. Bobaum, prominent churchworker and proprietor of a large mercantile store at Cornishville, this county, was shot and instantly killed at 8 o'clock to-night as he was waiting on customers in his store.

The identity of his assailant is unknown. The shot was fired through a window of the store; the charge took effect in the back of his head, nearly decapitating him. Mr. Bobaum recently told friends that his life had been threatened, but he had never discussed the nature of the trouble. His friends are at a loss to explain the reason for his murder.

His wife died about one year ago, and he is survived by one child, a little girl. Mr. Bobaum was about 38 years old.

ESTIMATES WAR LOSSES TOTAL NEARLY 8,000,000

West Point, N. Y., Oct. 9.—Gen. Francis Vinton Greene, of the United States army, retired, in an address on the war before the New York State Historical Association, gave what he called an "intelligent guess" of the casualties. He estimated the number of killed at 2,066,000, the wounded at 3,626,000, the missing at 2,305,000 and the total casualties at 7,997,000. These were minimum figures, the General said. Gen. Greene divided the total losses as follows:

Great Britain, 392,000; France, 1,400,000; Russia, 2,200,000; Italy, 25,000; Belgium, 80,000; Serbia, 70,000. Total allied losses, 4,167,000.

Losses of the Teutonic allies were estimated as follows: Germany, 1,900,000; Austria, 1,800,000; Turkey, 130,000. Total for Teutonic allies, 3,830,000.

TOBACCO OUTLOOK POOR —QUALITY UNDER GRADE

Paducah, Ky., Oct. 10.—The weekly review of tobacco conditions in the Paducah district is not encouraging. Samples brought in from the growing sections show slightly better quality than was expected, but the quality is not uniform, and as an average the crop is poor. The signs of insect ravages are plain, much of the best leaf being badly pierced. Firing and cutting has been well done, and offsets the field damage to some extent. As yet there is no indication of a resumption of market activity. Forty hogheads were sold here during the week, lugs bringing 4 to 6 cents, common to good leaf, 8 and 12 cents a pound. Mayfield reports no sales and the market on old tobacco is "draggy."

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS!

As required by the law, the taxpayers must meet the Sheriff at his appointments and pay their tax. Also after this round we are required to garnishee or levy unpaid poll tax. I or one of my deputies will meet you at the following places indicated by the days and dates below:

Saturday, Oct. 16—Beaver Dam and Cool Springs.

Saturday, Oct. 23—Prentiss and Rockport.

Tuesday, Oct. 26—Bell's Run.

Wednesday, Oct. 27—Buford morning, Bada, afternoon.

Thursday, Oct. 28—Heflin.

Saturday, Oct. 30—Dundee.

Tuesday, Nov. 2—Centertown.

Thursday, Nov. 4—Matanzas and Rosine.

Friday, Nov. 5—Smallhouse, morning, Ceralvo, afternoon.

Saturday, Nov. 6—Cromwell and McHenry.

Monday, Nov. 8—Arnold.

Tuesday, Nov. 9—Select.

Wednesday, Nov. 11—Narrows.

Saturday, Nov. 13—Fordsville and Simmons.

Remember six per cent. penalty, interest and cost will be added December 1st. Please don't wait till last day.

S. O. KEOWN.

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Holy Land Armed Camp.

Paris, Oct. 11.—The Turks have transformed the Holy Land into a huge military camp, according to refugees who have arrived at Alexandria.

All the convents in Jerusalem now are barracks and thousands of recruits daily are drilled on the Mount of Olives and Samaria Plain by German officers.

Immense targets have been placed on Mount Golgotha, the spot where the crucifixion took place, to serve in artillery practice to test the effect of high explosives.

Heavy Toll Of Officers.

London, Oct. 9.—Total casualties of officers of the British Army from the beginning of the war up to September 27, are shown by figures just given out to have reached a total of 17,974, of which 5,176 were officers who were killed or had died, while 10,469 were wounded and 1,429 listed as missing.

The hypocrite boasts of loving his enemies, but doesn't hesitate to go back on a friend.

RICHES ABOUND IN 1915 CROPS

Record Wheat Yield Of a
Billion Bushels.

CORN TO BRING THE FARMERS

Over \$2,133,000,000 and
Tobacco Promises To Ex-
ceed the 1909 Mark.

POTATOES ONLY SHORT CROP

Washington, Oct. 9.—American harvests this year will be the most valuable ever produced. With the wheat crop exceeding a billion bushels, the largest ever produced in one season by any nation, and a corn crop which also may prove to be the largest ever grown, the Government's October crop report, issued to-day, announced preliminary estimates which indicate record harvests of oats, barley, rye, sweet potatoes, rice, tobacco and hay.

Corn still is king of crops with indications of 3,026,159,000 bushels. While that is 98,000,000 bushels below the record of 1912, the final production, when the harvest is finished and all statistics compiled, may more than make up the difference. The higher price this year assure, the most valuable corn crop ever grown. At prices to farmers prevailing October 1, the corn crop is worth \$2,133,000,000.

Wheat prospects increased as the growing season progressed and the Government's early season forecasts moved up month by month on that today's preliminary estimate of production was placed at 1,002,029,000 bushels. Wet weather at harvest time, however, reduced the quality of winter wheat so that much of it will not be available for milling purposes and will have to be used for feed. At prices prevailing October 1, the farm value of the crop is \$910,844,000, considerably more than ever was paid for a wheat crop before.

September weather was particularly destructive to potatoes, causing a reduction of 37,758,000 bushels, or 10 per cent., in the forecast of production. Tobacco also suffered from unfavorable conditions, which caused a decrease of 1,100,000 pounds in the production forecast. Tobacco, however, promises to exceed the record crop of 1909 by 43,000,000 pounds. Oats will exceed the record crop of 1912 by almost 100,000,000 bushels. Barley will exceed its record by 13,000,000 bushels; sweet potatoes by 5,000,000 bushels; rice by 500,000 bushels; hay by 8,000,000 tons.

Kentucky Crops.

Washington, Oct. 9.—Estimates of crop production and prices for the State of Kentucky, compiled by the Bureau of Crop Estimates, and transmitted through the Weather Bureau, U. S. Department of Agriculture, are as follows:

CORN—October 1 forecast 119,000,000 bushels, September 1 forecast 120,132,000, final estimate last year 120,000,000; price October 1 to producers 70 cents, year ago 85 cents per bushel.

WHEAT—Estimate this year 8,620,000 bushels, final estimate last year 12,540,000; price October 1 to producers \$1.02; year ago \$1.05.

OATS—Production estimate October 1 is 4,540,000 bushels, September 1 forecast 4,726,000, final estimate last year 3,675,000; price October 1 to producers 49 cents, year ago 54 cents.

POTATOES—October 1 forecast 5,410,000 bushels, September 1 forecast 5,624,000, final estimate last year 2,250,000; price October 1 to producers 46 cents per bushel; year ago \$1.04.

APPLES—October 1 forecast 3,760,000 barrels, September 1 forecast 3,500,000 barrels, final estimate last year 3,000,000 barrels; price September 15 to producers \$1.50 per barrel, year ago \$1.56.

TOBACCO—October 1 forecast 379,000,000 pounds, September 1 forecast 384,384,000 pounds, final estimate last year 364,000,000.

Why Trust Them Further?

The Cadiz Record says: During the past twenty years the Republicans have had the reins of government in Kentucky for two

terms of four years each, and yet not a word of praise has yet fallen from the lips of Ed Morrow or any of the other campaign speakers. If they did nothing in eight years to commend them to the people, how on earth can they hope to be trusted further with the affairs of government?

GREAT "EATS" OFFERED WILSON BY KENTUCKIAN

Washington, Oct. 8.—Under the impression evidently that the President, before his approaching marriage in December, proposes to give a series of "menagerie dinners," a Kentuckian has applied for the privilege of furnishing an assortment of wild animals for White House guests.

Before President Wilson and his fiancée Mrs. Norman Galt, of this city, left Washington to-day for New York, the following letter from W. T. Hodgen, of Campbellsville, addressed to President Wilson, arrived at the White House:

"For a big wild animal dinner at the White House, I can furnish 500 opossums, 50 cents to \$1 each; groundhogs, 50 cents to \$1 each; one pair nice tame baby black bears, \$50 each, or \$100 the pair. They can be handled without danger. This lot of animals is in fine condition. Your orders shall have prompt attention. Thanks."

The letterhead of the Kentuckian shows that he is a wholesale and retail dealer in wild animals and his terms are cash.

PAYS WORTHY TRIBUTE TO GOVERNOR MCCREARY

Hon. A. O. Staffley, the Democratic nominee for Governor, paid a splendid tribute to the character of retiring Governor McCreary in his speech at Warsaw. The old Governor is going down the western slope of life now, but in his whole career he has been a gentleman and a Democrat. Sometimes we have differed on public measures, but in no case can it be said that tainted money ever stuck to his hands or that tainted legislation ever passed through his scrutiny. In all probability this is Governor McCreary's last appearance on the stage of political activity, but he has always borne himself like the gentleman that he is.—[Bowling Green Messenger.]

OLDEST NEGRO IN U. S. DIES AT AGE OF 137

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 7.—"Aunt" Mahaley Gibbs, known by statistics to be 137 years old, the oldest negro in the Southern States and probably in the United States, died here this morning. Her baby child is Eliza Gibbs, aged seventy, who has a number of grandchildren and great-grandchildren. "Aunt" Mahaley Gibbs was known to many white people of Memphis as a fortune teller. Some things she has predicted have come true. She was a constant smoker and up until a few days ago had perfect health. She said smoking preserved her health.

NO TOBACCO POOL IN A. S. OF E. THIS YEAR

The Owensboro Inquirer says: It was finally decided at the district meeting of the American Society of Equity held at the court house to "turn down" the pool, because of the lack of encouragement given by the tobacco growers.

The meeting was called to order by President Dunn, with delegates present from Ohio, Daviess, Hancock and McLean counties and also from Spencer county, Ind. Verbal reports were heard from the delegates from the various counties, which were very discouraging to those that were undertaking to pool the 1915 crop of tobacco. It was determined some time ago that unless 75 per cent. of the tobacco in the district was pooled, it would be useless to form a pool. Reports showed that in some parts of the district, especially in the eastern end of Daviess county, the farmers were almost unanimous in favor of pooling, while in some schoolhouse districts not one farmer would agree to pool.

The general sentiment in the district was against the pooling system, and by a resolution passed at the meeting, it was decided to abandon the pool proposition altogether. The tobacco will most likely be sold over the loose leaf floors.

James Whitcomb Riley's 66th birthday was celebrated all over Indiana Thursday.

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